

City of Chaska

June 28, 2011

To the Citizens of the City of Chaska, Honorable Mayor and Council Members, Mr. Matt Podhradsky, City Administrator

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we herby issue the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the City of Chaska for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Chaska. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Chaska has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Chaska's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Chaska's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Chaska's financial statements have been audited by Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosevich, & Co., P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Chaska for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Chaska's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Chaska's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Chaska was founded in 1851, incorporated March 3, 1891, and since 1975 has operated under a Statutory Plan "A" form of government, as modified, in accordance with Minnesota State Statutes Chapter 412.023, Subdivision 5. The Chaska City Council consists of a Mayor, with a two-year term of office, and four Council Members, each with a four-year term of office. Elections are held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, of each even-numbered year. No more than two Council Members' terms expire in any one-year.

The City Administrator is appointed by the Chaska City Council and serves as the City Clerk. A City Attorney is retained and appointed by the Chaska City Council. The Administrative Service Director serves as the Treasurer.

The primary mission of the City of Chaska is to enhance and maintain the high quality of life of its "shareholders", the citizens of Chaska, which has been nurtured in the community since its incorporation in 1891. Consistent with its mission, the City will strive to maintain its unique historical small town image and sense of community while supporting well-planned, orderly growth. To achieve it's mission, the city has established six ongoing core strategies:

- Enhance Chaska's high quality of life
- Plan orderly community development
- Maintain a sense of community and small town values
- Assure that quality basic municipal services are provided
- Maintain a commitment to excellence
- Develop and maintain partnerships

The City of Chaska provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events. The City also operates nine enterprises: electric, water, sewer, and storm water utilities; a community center, two golf courses, a turbine generator utility and is an internet service provider. In addition to these governmental and enterprise activities, the Chaska City Council serves as the board of the Chaska Economic Development Authority (EDA). The EDA is included in this report as a blended component unit.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Chaska's financial planning and control. The objectives of these budgetary controls are to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Chaska City Council. Activities of the General Fund and certain special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Debt service budgetary control is established by bond sale resolution covenants. Project-length financial plans are adopted for capital projects funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level. Expenditures for departments or divisions that exceed appropriations are not authorized unless additional revenue sources or fund balance are identified and available. Unused appropriated expenditures lapse at year-end.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Chaska operates.

Local economy. Since the year 2000, the City of Chaska has seen a significant amount of growth in the community. At that time our population was approximately 17,500. By 2014, the City's population is forecast to increase to 24,995. This rapid increase in population came from the addition of approximately 500 housing units per year, between the years 2002 and 2006, as well as the addition of a significant amount of commercial development in the community. This commercial development included small boutique and service centers and such large users as Home Depot, SuperTarget, and Kohl's. Chaska saw the majority of its industrial development growth in the late 1980's and early 1990's. Nearly 8,000 jobs were created, with over 12,000 jobs total in the community. The industrial park was at full capacity in the 1990's, with the exception of only a couple of sites. Such companies as Entegris, FSI, Lifecore Biomedical, Beckman Coulter, and Lake Region Medical all offered several hundred jobs at each facility. The housing and commercial development, which occurred after 2000, was the result of both the strong housing economy and the number of jobs available in Chaska. The census growth in population was 35% from 2000-2010.

As with other communities across the country, the City of Chaska has seen a significant drop in new housing development since 2006. The most significant drop occurred over the past 36-month period. As previously mentioned, we had close to 500 housing units per year between 2002 and 2006. The average taxable market value in the community increased by an average of 10-12% annually. The projected decrease in taxable market value for 2011 is 6.68%. Over the past 12 months we have seen fewer than 50 new homes built in the community.

While many areas of the Twin Cities have seen very little, if any, development occurring, Chaska has been working through the planning process on several large commercial/industrial projects. This includes the addition of Ridgeview's 212 Medical Center on Highways 212 and 41. This will ultimately be a 350,000 sq. ft. medical facility that will house the only stand-alone emergency room in the State of Minnesota, along with surgical suites, imaging, and special medical uses. Ridgeview opened the first phase of 250,000 square feet in February of 2011. Additionally, Michael's Foods purchased the vacant 230,000 sq. ft. Mammoth industrial building in December 2008. They moved their entire "Simply Potatoes" line to the facility, with production beginning the first part of 2010. This has created approximately 400 new jobs in the community. An additional 35 jobs in research and development will move into Chaska in the future with Michael's Foods.

Other larger projects are currently in the planning process, including a 160-unit senior independent memory care and assisted living facility at the intersection of Hazeltine Boulevard and Highway 41. It is being slated for the summer of 2012. Aeon Homes is proposing to complete a redevelopment project in downtown Chaska at the southeast corner of First Street and Highway 41. This would add an additional 47 affordable senior units to the community. This is

also slated for 2012. The City also expects to see the development and building of Southwest Christian High School in 2011, creating a building that can house up to 600 students. Finally, the City of Chaska is seeing the next phase of corporate/industrial development go forward in the community this summer, with the first phase of infrastructure going into our Chaska Biotech Center development area. Eventually we expect this area to support 8,000-10,000 new jobs on approximately 400 acres adjacent to the new Highway 212 freeway corridor. In 2010, we saw the first phase go forward on the land just off of the northwest quadrant of 212 and Engler Boulevard to support the 250,000 square foot United Health Group (UHG) data center. This will create 25 new jobs, but more importantly; UHG will be a very large electric user, utilizing up to an estimated 20 Megawatts of electricity by 2015. This will provide financial benefit to both our Electric Enterprise Fund and the General Fund through our franchise fee. At the same time, it will provide the economic engine necessary to build the infrastructure that will support the first phase of the Chaska Biotech Center, which will support additional corporate/industrial growth. The City of Chaska will add additional infrastructure in the area during the late summer of 2011 to support additional growth in this area.

Long-term financial planning. Each year the City develops a five-year financial forecast. The primary purpose of the forecast is to project available revenues and anticipated expenditures for all operating funds supported by property tax levies. In addition, the forecast is used to establish the City's maximum tax levy, which is required through the Truth in Taxation public hearing process. In preparing the five-year forecast, every attempt is made to accurately and conservatively estimate revenues and expenditures. The 2011 budget and five-year forecast was developed based on the following objectives:

- 1. Maintain existing high-quality service levels, making reductions in service levels only when directly associated with decreased need for service.
- 2. Maintain a policy of keeping a constant tax rate for limiting growth of the tax levy, while also planning levy resources that at a minimum remain constant, thus not inhibiting our ability to maintain existing service levels.
- 3. Fund replacement of the City's existing capital investments.
- 4. Fund new programs only after existing, necessary programs are funded.
- 5. Address the implications of levy limits on local governments and the significant reduction in LGA and MVHC, while maintaining current services levels expected by residents.
- 6. Develop a plan that allows the City to discontinue drawing from General Fund reserves.
- 7. Continue to fund levy needs of the Street Reconstruction Program.

Key factors which impact both the costs of providing services and the City's revenue resources are changes in Chaska's population and households. The slow down in the volume of building activity and reduced permit revenue is just one of the key challenges in developing the 2011 and five-year budget forecast. Other budget challenges are the State's continued un-allocation of both Local Government Aid and Market Value Homestead Credit dollars as well as a reduction of taxable market values in the community.

The 2011-2015 forecast strives to balance existing service levels within the forecasted revenues while at the same time maintaining a low property tax rate. Chaska's tax levy continues to be one

of the lowest in the metropolitan area and significantly lower than neighboring communities. Results of customer service evaluations indicate that citizens are very happy with the level of services provided by the City.

The City recently updated it's Comprehensive Plan which is part of a mandate from Metropolitan Council to make local plans consistent with its updated Regional Development Framework coupled with Chaska's rapid growth and changing conditions. Chaska's 2030 Comprehensive Plan guides the direction of the City in several major areas: land use, transportation, environment, parks and trails, and public facilities. Each of these areas is examined in a *comprehensive* manner, in order to take advantage of opportunities, avoid problems, and work toward building a stronger community.

Major Initiatives

In 2009, a wind turbine was installed as part of the Home Town Wind Power Program. The wind turbine was installed to help the City meet its renewable energy requirements established by the State of Minnesota. The State requires that all electric utilities need to produce 12% of their electricity from renewable sources by 2012 and 25% by the year 2025. While the Home Town Wind Power Program is only a small part of meeting our overall requirements, it is a first step in the process to make sure we are in compliance with all statutory requirements for renewable energy. The City of Chaska, through their power agency (MMPA), will be developing a utility-grade 100 MW wind farm called Oak Glen Wind Farm outside of Blooming Prairie, Minnesota, to also meet these goals. This will be commissioned in late 2011.

While we expect our next phase of growth in the community to be corporate/industrial, we also anticipate significant residential development to occur in the Heights of Chaska. This residential area will include 1,000 acres and has a master plan to include 2,000 to 3,000 housing units. Although we do not expect the housing development to begin occurring until there is a change in the economy and the current inventory of housing lots in the City is exhausted, this will be a significant development area that will have direct access to the Highway 212 freeway.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Chaska for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conform to program standards. A CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Chaska has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-one consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1989-2009). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated service of the City staff, and in particular, members of the Administrative Services Department. Special recognition is in order to Lisa M. Nelson, Accountant, who assisted in the production of this report.

We would like to express appreciation to Matt Podhradsky, the City Administrator, and to the Honorable Mayor and Chaska City Council members for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully Submitted,

Noel J. Graczyk

Administrative Services Director

Treasurer

City of Chaska

Barbara J. Hand

Assistant Finance Director

City of Chaska

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chaska Minnesota

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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December 31, 2010 City of Chaska

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

City of Chaska Residents and Businesses

Elected Five Member City Council

Appointed Boards

Parks Recreation and Arts (Cable)

Human Rights Commission

Council Selected Outside Professional Advisors

Independent Financial Auditing Firm

Engineering Consulting Firm

Appointed Positions

City Attorney

City Administrator (City Clerk)

ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURE [472 Employees (115-6-4-347)]

City Administrator (City Clerk) (1-0-0-0)

Assistant Administrator, Economic Development Coordinator (1-0-0-0)

Administrative Services (14-5-0-0)

(1-0-0-0) Administrative Services Director (Treasurer)

(1-0-0-0) Assistant Finance Director (1-0-0-0) Accountant

(1-0-0-0) Senior Accounting Clerk

(3-0-0-0) Accounting Clerk

(1-0-0-0) Utility Billing Coordinator

(2-1-0-0) Utility Account Clerk

(0-4-0-0) Customer Service Representative

(1-0-0-0) Information Systems Manager

(3-0-0-0) IS Network Engineer/Field Support

Community Development (6-0-0-0)

(1-0-0-0) Senior Clerk/Admin. Secretary

(1-0-0-0) Fire Marshall

(1-0-0-0) Building Official (2-0-0-0) Building Inspector

(1-0-0-0) Utility Inspector

Planning Services (2-0-0-0)
(1-0-0-0) Director of Planning and Development

(1-0-0-0) City Planner

Engineering Services (2-0-0-0)

(1-0-0-0) City Engineer (1-0-0-0) Civil Engineer II

Police Services (27-1-0-0) [24 licensed officers] (1-0-0-0) Chief of Police

(1-0-0-0) Captain

(4-0-0-0) Patrol Sergeant

(3-0-0-0) Detective

(2-0-0-0) School Resource Officer

(12-0-0-0) Patrol Officer

(1-0-0-0) Community Partnership Officer

(2-1-0-0) Secretary

(1-0-0-0) Community Service Officer

Public Works Services (16-0-0-19)

(1-0-0-0) Public Works Foreman

(1-0-0-0) Street Leadworker

(1-0-0-0) Park Leadworker (1-0-0-0) Mechanic Foreman

(2-0-0-0) Mechanic

(9-0-0-0) Maintenance III

(0-0-0-19) Laborer

CHASKA VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT

Chaska Volunteer Fire Department

41 Active Volunteers

Key to Number of Employees:

(Regular Full-Time - Regular Part-Time - Seasonal Full-Time - Seasonal Part-Time)

Electric Utility Services (13-0-0-1)

(1-0-0-0) Electrical Director

(1-0-0-0) Assistant Electrical Director

(1-0-0-0) Office/Inventory Clerk

(1-0-0-0) Electric Foreman (6-0-0-0) Lineworker III

(1-0-0-0) Lineworker I

(1-0-0-0) Lead Lineworker

(1-0-0-0) Metering/Substation Lineworker

(0-0-0-1) Laborer

Water and Sewer Utility Services (9-0-0-2)

(1-0-0-0) Utility Superintendent

(1-0-0-0) Water/Sewer Foreman (2-0-0-0) LeadWorker

(5-0-0-0) Maintenance III and II

(0-0-0-2) Laborer

Parks Recreation and Arts (18-0-1-259)

(1-0-0-0) Parks, Recreation and Arts Director

Parks Recreation and Arts (4-0-0-23)

(1-0-0-0) Assistant Park, Recreation, Arts Director

(2-0-0-0) Recreation Program Support

(1-0-0-0) Cable TV Coordinator

(0-0-0-20) Rink Attendant, Outside (0-0-0-3) Cable TV Camera Operator

Community Center (13-0-1-236) (1-0-0-0) Ice Arena Manager

(1-0-0-0) Maintenance Supervisor

(1-0-0-0) Facility Coordinator

(1-0-0-0) Aquatics Coordinator

(1-0-0-0) Front Desk Supervisor/Coordinator

(2-0-0-0) Recreational Programmer (1-0-0-0) Fitness Coordinator

(1-0-1-0) Activities Coordinator

(0-0-0-16) Rink Attendant/Monitor/Referee (4-0-0-20) Custodian/Maintenance

(0-0-0-77) Pool Staff and Instructors

(0-0-0-16) Front Desk/Cashier

(0-0-0-24) Day Care

(0-0-0-25) Fitness Instructor

(0-0-0-58) Activities Instructor/Assistant

Golf Courses (6-0-3-66)

(1-0-0-0) Golf Professional

(1-0-1-0) Assistant Golf Professionals

Chaska Town Course (3-0-2-54)

(1-0-0-0) Golf Superintende (2-0-2-0) Greenskeeper

(0-0-0-39) Course Staff (0-0-0-15) Seasonal Labor

Chaska Par Thirty (1-0-0-12)

(1-0-0-0) Greenskeeper

(0-0-0-9) Course Staff (0-0-0-3) Seasonal Labor

Elected Officials

	Term of Office	
MAYOR:	From	<u>To</u>
Mark Windschitl	01-25-2010	12-31-2010
COUNCIL MEMBERS:		
Gino Businaro, First Ward	01-01-2007	12-31-2010
Gregory Boe, Second Ward	01-01-2009	12-31-2012
Christopher Schulz, Third Ward	01-01-2007	12-31-2010
Richard Ford, Fourth Ward	01-01-2009	12-31-2012

Administrative Officials

	NAME
CITY STAFF:	
City Administrator (City Clerk)	Matt Podhradsky
Administrative Services Director (City Treasurer)	Noel Graczyk
Director of Planning and Development	Kevin Ringwald
City Engineer	William Monk
Chief of Police	Scott Knight
Fire Chief	Daniel Anderson
Public Works Superintendent	Timothy Wiebe
Director of Parks, Recreation & Arts	Thomas Redman
Electrical Director	Dan Geiger
Utility Superintendent	Dean Hylland
Golf Professional	John Kellin
Executive Director of Chaska Economic	
Development Authority	Matt Podhradsky
INDEPENDENT CONSULTANT:	
City Attorney	Luke Melchert

